

- (i) Carry out its accrediting responsibilities effectively; and
- (ii) Manage its finances effectively;
- (2) Competent and knowledgeable individuals, qualified by experience and training, responsible for on-site evaluation, policy-making, and decision-making regarding accreditation and preaccreditation status;
- (3) Representation on its evaluation, policy, and decision-making bodies of—
 - (i) For an institutional accrediting agency, both academic and administrative personnel; and
 - (ii) For a programmatic accrediting agency, both educators and practitioners;
- (4) Representation of the public on all decision-making bodies;
- (5) Clear and effective controls against conflicts of interest or the appearance of conflicts of interest by the agency's board members, commissioners, evaluation team members, consultants, administrative staff, and other agency representatives;
- (6) Adequate financial resources to carry out its accrediting responsibilities, taking into account the funds required to conduct the range of accrediting activities specified in the requested scope of recognition and the income necessary to meet the anticipated costs of its activities in the future; and
- (7) Complete and accurate records of—
 - (i) Its last two full accreditation or preaccreditation reviews of each institution or program, including on-site evaluation team reports, institution or program responses to on-site reports, periodic review reports, any reports of special reviews conducted by the agency between regular reviews, and the institution's or program's most recent self-study report; and
 - (ii) All preaccreditation and accreditation decisions, including all adverse actions.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1099b)

§ 602.22 Accreditation experience.

- (a) To be listed by the Secretary as a nationally recognized accrediting agency, an accrediting agency must demonstrate to the Secretary that it has adequate experience in accrediting institutions, programs, or both.

- (b) The Secretary considers that an accrediting agency satisfies the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section if it has—

- (1) Granted accreditation or preaccreditation status to institutions or programs in the geographical area for which it seeks recognition;
- (2) Conducted accreditation activities covering the range of the specific degrees, certificates, and programs for which it seeks recognition, including—
 - (i) Granting accreditation or preaccreditation status; and
 - (ii) Providing technical assistance related to accreditation to institutions, programs, or both; and
- (3) Established policies, evaluative criteria, and procedures, and made evaluative decisions, that are accepted throughout the United States by—
 - (i) Educators and educational institutions; and
 - (ii) Licensing bodies, practitioners, and employers in the professional or vocational fields for which the educational institutions or programs within the agency's jurisdiction prepare their students.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1099b)

§ 602.23 Application of standards.

- (a) To be listed by the Secretary as a nationally recognized accrediting agency, an accrediting agency must demonstrate to the Secretary that it consistently applies and enforces written standards that ensure that the education or training offered by an institution or program is of sufficient quality to achieve, for the duration of any accreditation period granted by the agency, the stated objective for which it is offered.

- (b) The Secretary considers that an accrediting agency meets the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section if—

- (1) The agency's written standards and procedures for accreditation and preaccreditation, if that latter status is offered, comply with the requirements of this part;
- (2) The agency's preaccreditation standards, if offered, are appropriately related to the agency's accreditation standards, with a limit on preaccreditation status of no more